

# Target Market Determination — Funds Management

## Legal disclaimer

This Target Market Determination (TMD) is required under section 994B of the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth) (**the Act**). This TMD describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for the financial product and matters relevant to the product’s distribution and review (specifically, distribution conditions, review triggers and periods, and reporting requirements). Distributors must take reasonable steps that will, or are reasonably likely to, result in distribution of the product being consistent with the most recent TMD (unless the distribution is excluded conduct).

This document is **not** a product disclosure statement (PDS) and is **not** a complete summary of the product features or terms of the product. This document does not take into account any person’s individual objectives, financial situation or needs. Persons interested in acquiring this product should carefully read the **PDS** for the State Street Global Fixed Income Index Trust before making a decision whether to buy this product.

Important terms used in this TMD are defined in the TMD Definitions which supplements this document. Capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the product’s PDS, unless otherwise defined. The PDS can be obtained by visiting our website [ssga.com](http://ssga.com).

## Target Market Summary

**This product is intended for use as a core or minor or satellite allocation for a consumer seeking seeking income from an exposure to international fixed income markets without exposure to foreign currencies and has a low to medium risk/return profile for that portion of their investment. It is likely to be consistent with the financial situation and needs of a consumer with a medium term investment timeframe, and is unlikely to withdraw their money on less than one day’s notice.**

## Fund and Issuer identifiers

<b>Issuer</b>	State Street Global Advisors, Australia Services Limited
<b>Issuer ABN</b>	16 108 671 441
<b>Issuer AFSL</b>	274900
<b>Fund manager</b>	State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited
<b>Fund manager AFSL</b>	238276
<b>Fund manager ABN</b>	42 003 914 225
<b>TMD contact details</b>	State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited Email: : <a href="mailto:ddo@ssga.com">ddo@ssga.com</a> Phone: (02) 8249 1100 or 1300 382 689
<b>Fund name</b>	<b>State Street Global Fixed Income Index Trust</b>
<b>ARSN</b>	089 590 545
<b>APIR Code</b>	SST0009AU
<b>ISIN Code</b>	AU60SST00092
<b>TMD issue date</b>	5 January 2026
<b>TMD Version</b>	4
<b>Distribution status of fund</b>	Available

## Description of Target Market

### TMD indicator key

The Consumer Attributes for which the product is likely to be appropriate have been assessed using a red and green rating methodology with appropriate colour coding:

In target market	Not in target market
------------------	----------------------

### Instructions

In the tables below, Column 1, Consumer Attributes, indicates a description of the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of the class of consumers that are considering this product. Column 2, TMD indicator, indicates whether a consumer meeting the attribute in column 1 is likely to be in the target market for this product.

The Issuer has assessed the product and formed the view that the product, including its key attributes, is likely to be consistent with the likely objectives, financial situation and needs of consumers in the target market, as the features of this product in Column 3 of the table below are likely to be suitable for consumers with the attributes identified with a green TMD Indicator in Column 2.

### Investment products and diversification

A consumer (or class of consumer) may intend to hold a product as part of a diversified portfolio (typically for example, with an intended product use of *minor allocation*). In such circumstances, the product should be assessed against the consumer's attributes for the relevant portion of the portfolio, rather than the consumer's portfolio as a whole. For example, a consumer may seek to construct a balanced or moderate portfolio with a minor allocation to growth assets. In this case, a product with a *High* risk/return profile may be consistent with the consumer's objectives for that minor allocation notwithstanding that the risk/return profile of the consumer as a whole is *Medium*. In making this assessment, distributors should consider all features of a product (including its key attributes).

The FSC has provided more detailed guidance on how to take this *portfolio view* for diversification, available on the [FSC website](#). This guidance only applies where a product is held as part of a diversified portfolio.

Consumer Attributes	TMD indicator	Product description including key attributes
<b>Consumer's investment objective</b>		
Capital Growth	R	The Fund seeks an investment return that approximates as closely as practicable, before fees and expenses, the performance of the FTSE World Government Bond Index ex-Australia, 100% hedged to Australian dollars.  The Fund is suitable for investors seeking income from an exposure to international fixed income markets without exposure to foreign currencies.  The Fund generally distributes income annually.
Capital Preservation	G	
Income Distribution	G	
<b>Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)</b>		
Solution/Standalone (more than 75%)	R	The Fund invests in a diversified portfolio of government bonds issued in over 20 countries; all rated investment grade (BBB-/Baa3 or higher) at the time they are included in the benchmark index.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	R	
Core Component (up to 50%)	G	Asset allocation ranges:
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	G	International Fixed Income: 90 - 100%
Satellite allocation (up to 10%)	G	Cash: 0 - 10%
		The Fund has medium to high diversification as it is exposed to a large number of holdings in one broad asset class across multiple geographic markets and sectors, being global fixed income.

Consumer Attributes	TMD indicator	Product description including key attributes
<b>Consumer's investment timeframe</b>		
Minimum investment timeframe	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding investments in the Fund is 2 years	
<b>Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile</b>		
Low	G	The Fund has a low to medium risk profile and seeks an investment return that approximates as closely as practicable, before fees and expenses, the performance of the FTSE World Government Bond Index ex-Australia, 100% hedged to Australian dollars.  The Funds has a risk band of 3.
Medium	G	
High	R	
Very high	R	
Extremely high	R	
<b>Consumer's need to access capital</b>		
Within one week of request	G	Under normal circumstances, unit holders can withdraw/redeem from the Fund daily by providing a redemption request to the Registry by 2:00 pm (Sydney time) on a Business Day to be processed for that Business Day.  Payment of the redemption proceeds is generally made three Business Days after the redemption is processed.
Within one month of request	G	
Within three months of request	G	
Within one year of request	G	
Within 5 years of request	G	
Within 10 years of request	G	
10 years or more	G	

## Distribution conditions/restrictions

Distribution condition	Distribution condition rationale	Distributors this condition applies to
<p>Only suitable for distribution to retail investors who have received personal financial advice.</p> <p>Direct investment is available to wholesale investors only.</p>	<p>We consider that the distribution condition will make it likely that consumers who acquire the product will be in the target market for the product, or the product will otherwise be appropriate for them, because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Persons providing personal advice must consider the consumer's individual circumstances and comply with the best interests' duty and related obligations under Pt 7.7A of the Corporations Act; and</li> <li>- We can assess the capacity of distributors to meet the design and distribution obligations, including the likelihood of a distributor's conduct being inconsistent with the TMD.</li> </ul>	<p>All distributors acting on behalf of Retail Investors as defined in the Corporations Act 2001 Cth.</p>

---

**Review triggers**


---

Material change to key attributes, fund investment objective and/or fees.

Material deviation from benchmark / objective over sustained period.

Key attributes have not performed as disclosed by a material degree and for a material period.

Determination by the issuer of an ASIC reportable Significant Dealing.

Material or unexpectedly high number of complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) about the product or distribution of the product.

The use of Product Intervention Powers, regulator orders or directions that affects the product.

---



---

**Mandatory TMD review periods**


---

**Review period**
**Maximum period for review**

Initial review

Already Completed

Subsequent review

At least annually

---



---

**Distributor reporting requirements**


---

**Reporting requirement**
**Reporting period**
**Which distributors this requirement applies to**

Complaints (as defined in section 994A(1) of the Act) relating to the product. The distributor should provide all the content of the complaint, having regard to privacy.

As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days following end of calendar quarter

All distributors

Significant dealing outside of target market, under s994F(6) of the Act.  
See Definitions for further detail.

As soon as practicable but no later than 10 business days after distributor becomes aware of the significant dealing.

All distributors

To the extent a distributor is aware, dealings outside the target market, including reason why acquisition is outside of target market, and whether acquisition occurred under personal advice.

Within 10 business days following end of calendar quarter.

All distributors

---

If practicable, distributors should adopt the FSC data standards for reports to the issuer. Distributors must report to State Street Global Advisors, Australia Services Limited using the email address: [ddo@ssga.com](mailto:ddo@ssga.com).

Issued by State Street Global Advisors, Australia Services Limited (AFSL Number 274900, ABN 16 108 671 441) ("SSGA, ASL"). Registered office: Level 14, 420 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia. Telephone: +612 9240-7600. Web: [ssga.com](http://ssga.com). State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited (AFSL Number 238276, ABN 42 003 914 225) ("SSGA Australia") is the Investment Manager.

State Street Investment Management is the business name of State Street Global Advisors, Australia, Limited.

References to the State Street Global Fixed Income Index Trust ("the Fund") in this communication are references to the managed investment schemes domiciled in Australia, promoted by SSGA Australia, in respect of which SSGA, ASL is the Responsible Entity.

This general information has been prepared without taking into account your individual objectives, financial situation or needs and you should consider whether it is appropriate for you. You should seek professional advice and consider the product disclosure document, available at [ssga.com](http://ssga.com), before deciding whether to acquire or continue to hold units in the Fund.

Investing involves risk including the risk of loss of principal. Please refer to the product disclosure document for the specific risks associated with investing in the Fund.

This material should not be considered a solicitation to apply for interests in the Funds and investors should obtain independent financial and other professional advice before making investment decisions. There is no representation or warranty as to the currency or accuracy of, nor liability for, decisions based on such information.

The whole or any part of this work may not be reproduced, copied or transmitted or any of its contents disclosed to third parties without SSGA Australia's express written consent.

© 2025 State Street Corporation — All Rights Reserved.

## TMD Definitions

Term	Definition
<b>Consumer's investment objective</b>	
Capital Growth	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to generate capital return over the investment timeframe. The consumer prefers exposure to growth assets (such as shares or property) or otherwise seeks an investment return above the current inflation rate.
Capital Preservation	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to have low volatility and minimize capital loss. The consumer prefers exposure to defensive assets that are generally lower in risk and less volatile than growth investments (this may include cash or fixed income securities).
Income Distribution	The consumer seeks to invest in a product designed or expected to distribute, regular and/or tax-effective income. The consumer prefers exposure to income-generating assets (this may include high dividend-yielding equities, fixed income securities and money market instruments).
<b>Consumer's intended product use (% of Investable Assets)</b>	
Solution/Standalone (up to 100%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 100% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with <i>very high</i> portfolio diversification.
Major allocation (up to 75%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 75% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>high</i> portfolio diversification.
Core Component (up to 50%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 50%, of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>medium</i> portfolio diversification.
Minor allocation (up to 25%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 25% of their total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer is likely to seek a product with at least <i>low</i> portfolio diversification.
Satellite (up to 10%)	The consumer may hold the investment as up to 10% of the total <i>investable assets</i> . The consumer may seek a product with <i>very low</i> portfolio diversification.
Investable Assets	Those assets that the investor has available for investment, excluding the family home.
<b>Portfolio diversification (for completing the key product attribute section of consumer's intended product use)</b>	
Note: exposures to cash and cash-like instruments may sit outside the diversification framework below.	
Very low	The product provides exposure to a single asset (for example, a commercial property) or a niche asset class (for example, minor commodities, crypto-assets or collectibles).
Low	The product provides exposure to a small number of holdings (for example, fewer than 25 securities) or a narrow asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, a single major commodity (e.g. gold) or equities from a single emerging market economy)
Medium	The product provides exposure to a moderate number of holdings (for example, up to 50 securities) in at least one broad asset class, sector or geographic market (for example, Australian fixed income securities or global natural resources).
High	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings (for example, over 50 securities) in multiple broad asset sectors, countries or geographic markets (for example, or global equities).
Very high	The product provides exposure to a large number of holdings across a broad range of asset classes, sectors <u>and</u> geographic markets with limited correlation to each other.
<b>Consumer's intended investment timeframe</b>	
Minimum	The minimum suggested timeframe for holding the product. Typically, this is the rolling period over which the investment objective of the product is likely to be achieved.
<b>Consumer's Risk (ability to bear loss) and Return profile</b>	
This TMD uses the Standard Risk Measure ( <b>SRM</b> ) to estimate the likely number of negative annual returns for this product over a 20 year period, using the guidance and methodology outlined in the <b>Standard Risk Measure Guidance Paper For Trustees</b> (note the	

Term	Definition
	<p>bands in the SRM guidance differ from the bands used in this TMD). However, SRM is not a complete assessment of risk and potential loss. For example, it does not detail important issues such as the potential size of a negative return (including under conditions of market stress) or that a positive return could still be less than a consumer requires to meet their investment objectives/needs. the SRM methodology may be supplemented by other risk factors. For example, some products may use leverage, derivatives or short selling, may have liquidity or withdrawal limitations, may have underlying investments with valuation risks or risks of capital loss; or otherwise may have a complex structure or increased investment risks, which should be documented together with the SRM to substantiate the product risk rating.</p> <p>A consumer's desired product return profile would generally take into account the impact of fees, costs and taxes.</p>
Low	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• has a conservative or low risk appetite,</li> <li>• seeks to minimise volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 1 negative return over a 20 year period (SRM 1 to 2)) and</li> <li>• is comfortable with a low target return profile.</li> </ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers stable, defensive assets (such as cash).</p>
Medium	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• has a moderate or medium risk appetite,</li> <li>• seeks low volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 4 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 3 to 5)), and</li> <li>• is comfortable with a moderate target return profile.</li> </ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers defensive assets (for example, fixed income).</p>
High	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• has a high risk appetite,</li> <li>• can accept high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear up to 6 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 5 or 6)) , and</li> <li>• seeks high returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li> </ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers growth assets (for example, shares, and property).</p>
Very high	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• has a very high risk appetite,</li> <li>• can accept very high volatility and potential losses (e.g. has the ability to bear 6 to 7 negative returns over a 20 year period (SRM 6 or 7)), and</li> <li>• seeks to maximise returns (typically over a medium or long timeframe).</li> </ul> <p>The consumer typically prefers high growth assets (such as high conviction portfolios, hedge funds and alternative investments).</p>
Extremely high	<p>For the relevant part of the consumer's portfolio, the consumer:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• has an extremely high risk appetite,</li> <li>• can accept significant volatility and losses, and</li> <li>• seeks to obtain accelerated returns (potentially in a short timeframe).</li> </ul> <p>The consumer seeks extremely high risk, speculative or complex products which may have features such as significant use of derivatives, leverage or short positions or may be in emerging or niche asset classes (for example, crypto-assets or collectibles).</p>

**Consumer's need to access capital**

	<p>This consumer attribute addresses the likely period of time between the making of a request for redemption/withdrawal (or access to investment proceeds more generally) and the receipt of proceeds from this request under ordinary circumstances. Issuers should consider both the frequency for accepting the request and the length of time to accept, process and distribute the proceeds of such a request. To the extent that the liquidity of the underlying investments or possible liquidity constraints (e.g. ability to stagger or delay redemptions) could impact this, this is to be taken into consideration in aligning the product to the consumer's need to access capital. Where a product is held on investment platforms, distributors also need to factor in the length of time platforms take to process requests for redemption for underlying investments. Where access to investment proceeds from the product is likely to occur through a secondary market, the liquidity of the market for the product and likely realisable value on market should be considered, including in times of market stress.</p>
--	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Term	Definition
<b>Distributor Reporting</b>	
Significant dealings	<p>Section 994F(6) of the Act requires distributors to notify the issuer if they become aware of a significant dealing in the product that is not consistent with the TMD. Neither the Act nor ASIC defines when a dealing is 'significant' and distributors have discretion to apply its ordinary meaning.</p> <p>The issuer will rely on notifications of significant dealings to monitor and review the product, this TMD, and its distribution strategy, and to meet its own obligation to report significant dealings to ASIC.</p> <p>Dealings outside this TMD may be significant because:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• they represent a material proportion of the overall distribution conduct carried out by the distributor in relation to the product, or</li> <li>• they constitute an individual transaction which has resulted in, or will or is likely to result in, significant detriment to the consumer (or class of consumer).</li> </ul> <p>In each case, the distributor should have regard to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the nature and risk profile of the product (which may be indicated by the product's risk rating or withdrawal timeframes),</li> <li>• the actual or potential harm to a consumer (which may be indicated by the value of the consumer's investment, their intended product use or their ability to bear loss), and</li> <li>• the nature and extent of the inconsistency of distribution with the TMD (which may be indicated by the number of red or amber ratings attributed to the consumer).</li> </ul> <p>Objectively, a distributor may consider a dealing (or group of dealings) outside the TMD to be significant if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• it constitutes more than half of the distributor's total retail product distribution conduct in relation to the product over the quarter,</li> <li>• the consumer's intended product use is <i>solution/standalone</i>, or</li> <li>• the consumer's intended product use is <i>core component</i> or higher and the consumer's risk and return profile is <i>low</i>, or</li> <li>• the relevant product has a green rating for consumers seeking <i>extremely high</i> risk/return.</li> </ul>